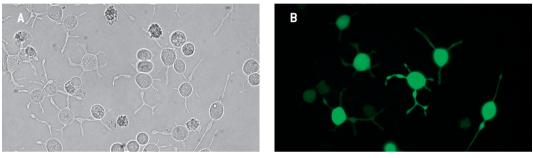
Lonza

Amaxa® Cell Line Nucleofector® Kit T

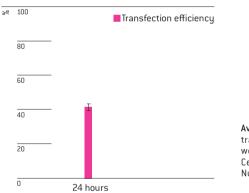
For RBL-2H3

Rat leukemia, basophil; fibroblastoid cells

Example for Nucleofection® of RBL-2H3 cells



RBL-2H3 cells were transfected with the Cell Line Nucleofector[®] Kit T, Program X-001 and 5 µg of pmaxGFP[®] Vector. Cells were analyzed 24 hours post Nucleofection[®] using light (A) and fluorescence microscopy (B).



Average transfection efficiency of RBL-2H3 cells. RBL-2H3 cells were transfected with program X-001 and 5 μ g of pmaxGFP® Vector. Cells were analyzed 24 hours post Nucleofection® by flow cytometry. Cell viability (% PI negative cells) is around 94% 24 hours post Nucleofection®.

Product Description

Cat. No.		VCA-1002
Size (reactions)		25
Cell Line Nucleofector® Solu	tion T	2.25 ml (2.05 ml + 10% overfill)
Supplement		0.5 ml (0.45 ml + 10% overfill)
pmaxGFP® Vector (0.5 µg/µl in 10 mM Tris pH 8.0)		30 µg
Certified cuvettes		25
Plastic pipettes		25
Storage and stability	Store Nucleofector® Solu	ution, Supplement and pmaxGFP [®] Vector at 4°C. For long-term storage,
	pmaxGFP® Vector is ideall	y stored at -20°C. The expiration date is printed on the solution box. Once the
	Nucleofector [®] Supplemer	nt is added to the Nucleofector® Solution it is stable for three months at 4°C.

Required Material

Note

Please make sure that the entire supplement is added to the Nucleofector® Solution. The ratio of Nucleofector® Solution to supplement is 4.5 : 1. For a single reaction use 82 µl of Nucleofector® Solution plus 18 µl of supplement to make 100 µl of total reaction volume.

- Nucleofector[®] Device; Software requirements: version V2.3 for Nucleofector[®] I Device; version S3-4 for Nucleofector[®] II Device
- Supplemented Nucleofector® Solution at room temperature
- Supplied certified cuvettes
- Supplied plastic pipettes
- Supplied pmaxGFP[®] Vector
- Substrate of interest, highly purified, preferably by using endotoxin-free kits; A260 : A280 ratio should be at least 1.8
- 6-well culture dish or culture system of your choice
- For detaching cells: 0.5 mg/ml Trypsin and 0.2 mg/ml EDTA in PBS and supplemented culture media or PBS/0.5% BSA
- Culture medium: complete growth medium: Eagle's Minimal Essential medium with Earle's BSS and 2 mM L-glutamine (EMEM) adjusted to contain 1.5 g/L sodium bicarbonate, 1.0 mM sodium pyruvate and 0.1 mM non-essential amino acids; fetal bovine serum (heat-inactivated), 15%
- Prewarm appropriate volume of culture medium to 37°C (1.5 ml per sample)
- Appropriate number of cells (1 x 10⁶ cells per sample; lower or higher cell numbers may influence transfection results)

1. Pre Nucleofection®

Cell culture recommendations

- 1.1 Replace media every 2 3 days
- 1.2 Passage cells every 2 3 days. A subcultivation ratio of 1:4 to 1:8 is recommended
- 1.3 Seed out 5×10^5 viable cells/T162 flask
- 1.4 Subculture 3 days before Nucleofection[®] with a ratio of 1:6. A higher cell density (2 x 10⁶/ml) before Nucleofection[®] increases viability and transfection efficiency

Trypsinization

- 1.5 Remove media from the cultured cells and wash cells once with PBS; use at least same volume of PBS as culture media
- 1.6 For harvesting, incubate the cells ~5 minutes at 37°C with indicated trypsinization reagent (please see required material)
- 1.7 Neutralize trypsinization reaction with supplemented culture medium or PBS/0.5% BSA once the majority of the cells (>90%) have been detached

2. Nucleofection®

One Nucleofection® Sample contains

1 x 10⁶ cells 5 µg plasmid DNA (in 1 – 5 µl H₂0 or TE) or 5 µg pmaxGFP® Vector or 30 – 300nM siRNA (3 – 30 pmol/sample) 100 µl Cell Line Nucleofector® Solution T

- 2.1 Please make sure that the entire supplement is added to the Nucleofector® Solution
- 2.2 Prepare 6-well plates by filling appropriate number of wells with 1 ml of supplemented culture media and pre-incubate/equilibrate plates in a humidified 37°C/5% CO₂ incubator
- 2.3 Harvest the cells by trypsinization (please see 1.5 1.7)
- 2.4 Count an aliquot of the cells and determine cell density
- 2.5 Centrifuge the required number of cells (1 x 10⁶ cells per sample) at 90xg for 10 minutes at room temperature. Remove supernatant completely
- 2.6 Resuspend the cell pellet carefully in 100 µl room-temperature Nucleofector® Solution per sample

Note Avoid leaving the cells in Nucleofector[®] Solution for extended periods of time (longer than 15 minutes), as this may reduce cell viability and gene transfer efficiency.

- 2.7 Combine 100 μl of cell suspension with 5 μg DNA, 5 μg pmaxGFP[®] Vector or 30 nM 300 nM siRNA (3 30 pmol/sample) or other substrates
- 2.8 Transfer cell/DNA suspension into certified cuvette (sample must cover the bottom of the cuvette without air bubbles). Close the cuvette with the cap
- 2.9 Select the appropriate Nucleofector® Program X-001 (X-01 for Nucleofector® | Device)
- 2.10 Insert the cuvette with cell/DNA suspension into the Nucleofector[®] Cuvette Holder and apply the selected program by pressing the X-button
- 2.11 Take the cuvette out of the holder once the program is finished
- 2.12 Immediately add ~500 µl of the pre-equilibrated culture medium to the cuvette and gently transfer the sample into the prepared 6-well plate (final volume 1.5 ml media per well). Use the supplied pipettes and avoid repeated aspiration of the sample

3. Post Nucleofection®

3.1 Incubate the cells in humidified 37°C/5% CO_2 incubator until analysis. Gene expression or down regulation, respectively, is often detectable after only 4 – 8 hours

Additional Information

For an up-to-date list of all Nucleofector® References, please refer to: www.lonza.com/nucleofection-citations

For more technical assistance, contact our Scientific Support Team:

USA/Canada Phone: 800 521 0390 (toll-free) Fax: 301 845 8338 E-mail: scientific.support@lonza.com Europe and Rest of World Phone: +49 221 99199 400 Fax: +49 221 99199 499 E-mail: scientific.support.eu@lonza.com

Lonza Cologne AG 50829 Cologne, Germany

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The Nucleofector[®] Technology, comprising Nucleofection[®] Process, Nucleofector[®] Device, Nucleofector[®] Solutions, Nucleofector[®] 96-well Shuttle[®] System and 96-well Nucleocuvette[®] plates and modules is covered by patent and/or patent-pending rights owned by Lonza Cologne AG.

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