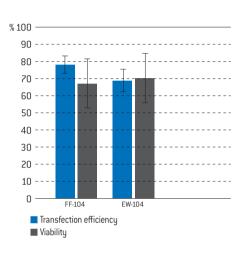


Amaxa™ 4D-Nucleofector™ Protocol for Undifferentiated Human Mesenchymal Stem Cells [MSC] For 4D-Nucleofector™ X Unit—Transfection in suspension

Self-isolated or Poietics® Human Mesenchymal Stem Cells from bone marrow [Lonza, Cat. No. PT-2501]

Example for Nucleofection™ of human mesenchymal stem cells

Average transfection efficiency and viability of human mesenchymal stem cells (hMSC) 24 hours post Nucleofection. Expanded 5 x 10^4 hMSC [Lonza, Cat. No. PT-2501] were transfected with program FF-104 or EW-104 and 0.4 μg of pmaxGFP. Vector in 20 μ l Nucleocuvette. Strips. 24 hours post Nucleofection. cells were analyzed on a FACSCalibur. (Becton Dickinson). Cell viability was determined as a relative portion of untreated control (measured with the ViaLight. Plus Bioassay Kit; Lonza, Cat. No. LT07-221).



Product Description

Recommended Kit(s)-P1 Primary Cell 4D-Nucleofector™ X Kit

Cat. No.	V4XP-1012	V4XP-1024	V4XP-1032
Transfection volume	100 μΙ	100 μΙ	20 μΙ
Size [reaction]	2 x 6	24	2 x 16
Nucleofector™ Solution	2 x 0.675 ml (0.492 ml + 27% overfill)	2.25 ml [1.968 ml + 13% overfill]	0.675 ml [0.525 ml + 22% overfill]
Supplement	2 x 0.15 ml (0.108 ml + 27% overfill)	0.5 ml (0.432 ml + 13% overfill)	0.15 ml (0.115 ml + 22% overfill)
pmaxGFP™ Vector (1 µg/µl in 10 mM Tris pH 8.0)	50 μg	50 μg	50 μg
Single Nucleocuvette™ (100 µl)	12	24	
16-well Nucleocuvette™ Strips (20 µl)	-	-	2

Storage and stability

Store Nucleofector[™] Solution, Supplement and pmaxGFP[™] Vector at 4° C. For long-term storage, pmaxGFP[™] Vector is ideally stored at -20°C. The expiration date is printed on the solution box. Once the Nucleofector[™] Supplement is added to the Nucleofector[™] Solution, it is stable for three months at 4° C.

Note

4D-Nucleofector™ Solutions can only be used with Nucleovettes™ (conductive polymer cuvettes), i.e. in the 4D-Nucleofector™ System and the 96-well Shuttle™ Device. They are not compatible with the Nucleofector™ II/2b Device.

Required Material

Note

Please make sure that the entire supplement is added to the Nucleofector $^{\text{\tiny{M}}}$ Solution. The ratio of Nucleofector $^{\text{\tiny{M}}}$ Solution to supplement is 4.5 : 1 (see table 1)

- 4D-Nucleofector™ System (4D-Nucleofector™ Core Unit and 4D-Nucleofector™ X Unit)
- Supplemented 4D-Nucleofector™ Solution at room temperature
- Supplied 100 µl single Nucleocuvette™ or 20 µl 16-well Nucleocuvette™
 Strips
- Compatible tips for 20 µl Nucleocuvette™ Strips: epT.I.P.S. [US/CDN: Eppendorf North America, Cat. No. 2491.431, Rest of World: Eppendorf AG, Cat. No. 0030073.266], Matrix TallTips® [Matrix Technologies Corp., Cat. No. 7281] or LTS Tips [Rainin Instruments, LLC, Cat. No. SR-L10F, SR/SS-L250S, SR/SS-L300S]. Before using other types of pipette tips, please ensure they reach the bottom of the Nucleocuvette™ Wells without getting stuck
- Supplied pmaxGFP™ Vector, stock solution 1 μg/μl

Note

For positive control using pmaxGFP $^{\rm m}$, dilute the stock solution to an appropriate working concentration. Further details are provided in table 3 of this Optimized Protocol. The volume of substrate solution added to each sample should not exceed 10% of the total reaction volume (2 μ l for 20 μ l reactions; 10 μ l for 100 μ l reactions).

- Substrate of interest, highly purified, preferably by using endotoxin-free kits; A260:A280 ratio should be at least 1.8
- Cell culture plates of your choice
- For detaching cells: Trypsin/EDTA (Lonza, Cat. No. CC-3232)
- Culture medium: MSCGM™ Mesenchymal Stem Cell Growth Medium BulletKit™[Lonza, Cat. No. PT-3001]
- Differentiation medium (for adipogenic differentiation post Nucleofection™): hMSC Mesenchymal Stem Cell Adipogenic Differentiation BulletKit™ [Lonza, Cat. No. PT-3004]
- Differentiation medium (for osteogenic differentiation post Nucleofection™): hMSC Mesenchymal Stem Cell Osteogenic Differentiation BulletKit™ [Lonza, Cat. No. PT-3002]
- Differentiation medium (for chondrogenic differentiation post Nucleofection™): hMSC Mesenchymal Stem Cell Chondrogenic Differentiation BulletKit™ [Lonza, Cat. No. PT-3003]
- PBS/BSA: PBS containing 0.5% BSA
- Prewarm appropriate volume of culture medium to 37°C (see table 2)
- Appropriate number of cells/sample (see table 2)

1. Pre Nucleofection™

Note

Cells may be expanded in culture medium (please see cell culture recommendations below). However, it is recommended to use early passages (<P9). Transfection results may be donor-dependent.

Cell culture recommendations

- 1.1 Replace media every 2–3 days
- 1.2 For passaging, trypsinize cells as recommended by supplier, stop trypzinization by adding PBS/BSA, spin cells down and resuspend them in fresh media. Passage cells 1–2 times a week
- 1.3 Make sure that cells do not grow confluent during expansion
- 1.4 Seed out 2.5 x 10⁵ cells / T75 cm² for expansion

Note

For preparation of self isolated human mesenchymal stem cells please follow the respective literature.

Trypsinization

- 1.5 Wash the attached cell layer with Dulbecco's Phosphate Buffered Saline or an equivalent calcium and magnesium free balanced salt solution
- 1.6 Add a sufficient volume of Trypsin-EDTA solution to cover the cell layer (approx. 0.05 ml/cm²), and gently swirl the dish/flask to ensure an even distribution of the solution
- 1.7 Incubate at room temperature for five minutes, then observe under a microscope to avoid overexposure of cells to trypsin. If the cells are less than 90% detached, continue incubating and observe every 3 minutes. Tapping the flask or plate will expedite cell detachment. Do not incubate the cells longer than 15 minutes. If necessary, prolong the incubation time for two more minutes at 37°C
- 1.8 Once the majority of cells (>90%) have been dislodged, add an equal volume of PBS or temperature equilibrated medium to the dish/ flask. Disperse the solution by pipetting over the cell layer surface several times
- 1.9 To remove the trypsin, centrifuge cells at approximately 600 x g for five minutes at room temperature

Nucleofection™

For Nucleofection™ Sample contents and recommended Nucleofector™ Program, please refer to Table 3.

- 2.1 Please make sure that the entire supplement is added to the Nucleofector™ Solution
- 2.2 Start 4D-Nucleofector™ System and create or upload experimental parameter file (for details see device manual)

- 2.3 Select/Check for the appropriate Nucleofector™ Program (see table 3)
- 2.4 Prepare cell culture plates by filling appropriate number of wells with desired volume of recommended culture media (see table 4) and pre-incubate/equilibrate plates in a humidified 37°C/5% CO₂ incubator
- 2.5 Pre-warm an aliquot of culture medium to 37°C (see table 4)
- 2.6 Prepare plasmid DNA or pmaxGFP™ Vector or siRNA (see table 3)
- 2.7 Harvest the cells by trupsinization (see 1.5–1.8)
- 2.8 Count an aliquot of the cells and determine cell density
- 2.9 Centrifuge the required number of cells (see table 3) at 200xg for 10 minutes at room temperature. Remove supernatant completely
- 2.10 Resuspend the cell pellet carefully in room temperature 4D-Nucleofector™ Solution (see table 3)
- 2.11 Prepare mastermixes by dividing cell suspension according to number of substrates
- 2.12 Add required amount of substrates to each aliquot (max. 10% of final sample volume)
- 2.13 Transfer mastermixes into the Nucleocuvette™ Vessels

Note

As leaving cells in Nucleofector™ Solution for extended periods of time may lead to reduced transfection efficiency and viability it is important to work as quickly as possible. Avoid air bubbles while pipetting.

- 2.14 Gently tap the Nucleocuvette™ Vessels to make sure the sample covers the bottom of the cuvette
- 2.15 Place Nucleocuvette™ Vessel with closed lid into the retainer of the 4D-Nucleofector™ X Unit. Check for proper orientation of the Nucleocuvette™ Vessel
- 2.16 Start Nucleofection™ Process by pressing the "Start" on the display of the 4D-Nucleofector™ Core Unit (for details, please refer to the device manual)
- 2.17 After run completion, carefully remove the Nucleocuvette™ Vessel from the retainer
- 2.18 Incubate Nucleocuvette™ 10 minutes at room temperature
- 2.19 Resuspend cells with pre-warmed medium (for recommended volumes see table 5). Mix cells by gently pipetting up and down two to three times. When working with the 100 µl Nucleocuvette™ use the supplied pipettes and avoid repeated aspiration of the sample
- 2.20 Plate desired amount of cells in culture system of your choice (for recommended volumes see table 5)

3. Post Nucleofection™

- 3.1 Incubate the cells in humidified 37°C/5% CO₂ incubator until analysis. Gene expression or down regulation, respectively, is often detectable after only 4–8 hours. For long-term analysis, we recommend changing the medium 24 hours post Nucleofection™
- 3.2 For differentiation of human mesenchymal stem cells, you may plate cells directly in the respective differentiation medium (see required material section) post Nucleofection™. Depending on the kind of differentiation, cell numbers should be adjusted as recommended (e.g. for adipogenic differentiation cells should be highly confluent before induction (see also Lonza protocols); for osteogenic differentiation cells have to be plated in low cell number before induction (Lonza protocols))

Note

Results could differ between different donors of cells.

Additional Information

For an up-to-date list of all Nucleofector™ References, please refer to: www.lonza.com/nucleofection-citations

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Please note that the Amaxa™ Nucleofector™ Technology is not intended to be used for diagnostic purposes or for testing or treatment in humans.

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Table 1: Volumes required for a single reaction

	100 µl Single Nucleocuvette™	20 µl Nucleocuvette™ Strip
Volume of Nucleofector™ Solution	82 µl	16.4 µl
Volume of Supplement	18 µl	3.6 µl

Table 2: Required amounts of cells and media for Nucleofection™

	100 µl Single Nucleocuvette™	20 µl Nucleocuvette™ Strip
Culture medium per sample post Nucleofection™ (for transfer and culture)	1.5 ml	140 µl
Cell number per Nucleofection™ Sample	$4-5\times10^5$ (Minimal cell number: 2×10^5 cells, a lower cell number may lead to a major increase in cell mortality; maximum cell number: 6×10^5)	5×10^4 cells (Lower or higher cell numbers may influence transfection results)

Table 3: Contents of one Nucleofection™ Sample and recommended program

	100 µl Single Nucleocuvette™	20 µl Nucleocuvette™ Strip
	4-5 x 10 ⁵	5 x 10 ⁴
pmaxGFP™ Vector	_ 2 μg	_0.4 μg
plasmid DNA (in H ₂ O or TE)	_2 μg	0.2−1 μg
siRNA	30-300nM siRNA (3-30 pmol/sample)	30-300nM siRNA (0.6-6 pmol/sample)
cleofector™ X Solution	_100 µl	_20 μΙ
	FF-104 (high efficiency) EW-104 (high viability)	FF-104 (high efficiency) EW-104 (high viability)
	plasmid DNA (in H ₂ 0 or TE)	4-5 x 10 ⁵

Table 4: Culture volumes required for post Nucleofection™ Steps

	100 µl Single Nucleocuvette™	20 μl Nucleocuvette™ Strip*
6-well culture plate	1 ml	<u>-</u>
96-well culture plate		50 μΙ
Culture medium to be added to the sample post Nucleofection™	500 μΙ	90 μΙ
* Maximum cuvette volume 200 µl		

Table 5: Recommended volumes for sample transfer into culture plate

	100 µl Single Nucleocuvette™	20 μl Nucleocuvette™ Strip*
Culture medium to be added to the sample post Nucleofection™	500 μl	90 µl
Volume of sample transferred to culture plate	complete sample (use supplied pipettes)	50 μl
* Maximum cuvette volume 200 µl		